- A. The Armageddon Campaign is a military conflict that will occur after the rapture of the Church. It will last for a short time at the end of the seven years of tribulation in the future.
- B. It will be the culmination of the reign of Antichrist by his death and the victory of the Lord Jesus Christ over His enemies when He returns at the second advent.
- C. The Armageddon Campaign is not a single combat situation but an extended complex of battles stretching from Babylon in the east to the mountain of Megiddo in the north and to Bozrah/Petra in Edom in the south.
- D. In fact, Armageddon is not really the location of any major conflict; but rather, it is the staging area for all the armies of the world to gather for the purpose of destroying the Jewish people once and for all.
- E. It is possible to divide the Armageddon Campaign into eight stages.

1. The First Stage:

[God will cause all the nations of the world to assemble as allies of Antichrist, the "beast out of the sea," for the final destruction of the Jewish people. (Rev. 13:1-8)]

- a. The Armageddon Campaign begins as part of the sixth bowl judgment. (Rev. 16:12-16)
- b. The nations are to prepare for war and gather at Armageddon (Har-Magedon) in the Valley of Megiddo. (Joel 3:9-11; Rev. 16:16)
- c. God mocks this international confederation. (Psalm 2:1-5)

2. The Second Stage:

[God will cause Antichrist to destroy Babylon's one-world religious system.]

- a. Antichrist will establish his capitol at a rebuilt literal Babylon; but in the middle of the tribulation, he and his ten kings will destroy Babylon's religious system, "mystery Babylon the great, mother of harlots and the abominations of the earth," because he will establish himself as God. (Dan. 9:27a; Matt. 24:15; 2 Thess. 2:3,4; Rev. 13:1-5; 12-15; 17:7, 11-13, 15-17)
- b. However, hostile forces, freedom fighters (probably gentile believers) who do not support Antichrist comes against Babylon and totally destroy the city itself, "*Babylon the great*," the political headquarters of Antichrist. (Isaiah 13:1-5, 19-22; 14:22, 23; Jeremiah 50, 51; Dan. 11:41; Rev. 18:1-19:2)

3. The Third Stage:

[The fall of Jerusalem at the middle of the seven years of tribulation]

a. Although Antichrist's capitol, Babylon, is destroyed; nevertheless, he moves south to attach Jerusalem. (Dan. 11:41, 44; Zech. 12:1-3; 14:1, 2; Rev. 13:1, 7)

- b. The Jewish warriors in Jerusalem fight valiantly, but the forces of Antichrist prevail and the city falls. (Micah 4:11-5:1; Zech. 12:4-7; Dan. 9:26b-27a)
- c. Antichrist sets up "the abomination of desolation." (Dan. 9:27; Matt. 24:15-20; Mark 13:14-18; Luke 21:20-24; 2 Thess. 2:4; Rev. 12:6, 14-17)
- d. Antichrist fights the other kings for world domination, killing three of them. (Dan. 11:36-45; 7:23-25)
- e. Antichrist is apparently killed in this combat and is resurrected and indwelt by Satan himself. (Rev. 13:3; 17:8, 11; 13:12, 14; 2 Thess. 2:9)

4. The Fourth Stage:

[Two or three years later, near the end of the "great tribulation" the armies of Antichrist then move south to Bozrah/Petra in Edom.]

- a. Antichrist takes his armies south to Bozrah (meaning sheepfold in Hebrew), where the remnant of Jerusalem fled at the middle of the tribulation when they saw "the abomination of desolation standing in the holy place." (Daniel 9:27; Matt. 24:15-21; Mark 13:14-19; Luke 21:20-24; Rev. 12:5-9, 14-18)
- b. The remnant seems to be faced with certain doom. (Jer. 49:13, 14; Micah 2:12)

5. The Fifth Stage:

[The regeneration of the nation of Israel]

- a. The people of Israel finally responds to the gospel en masse as a nation and confess their national sin. (Levit. 26:40-42; Jer. 3:11-14; Hosea 5:15)
- b. They realize that Jesus is their Messiah by the earlier ministries of the 144,000 Jewish evangelists, by the two witnesses, or by the angelic messengers. (Rev. 7:2-8; 11:3-12; 14:6-13)
- c. Israel's national conversion takes place over three days. (Hosea 6:1-3; Isa. 59:19, 20; Joel 2:32; Rom. 11:25, 26)
- d. The remnant of Israel will plead for Messiah to return and deliver them from the forces of Antichrist. (Isaiah 64:1-12; Matt. 23:39)

6. The Sixth Stage:

[The second coming of Jesus Christ]

- a. Jesus will return to earth in the same manner as He departed but not to the same place. (Acts 1:9; Matt. 24:27)
- b. Jesus apparently returns with an angelic escort and the church age saints. (Matt. 16:27; Mk. 8:38; 1 Thess. 3:13; Rev.17:14; 19:11-16)
- c. He returns in the Shekinah glory cloud first to the wilderness of Bozrah/Petra to defeat the forces of Antichrist and to deliver the remnant that had fled there at the midpoint of the tribulation. (Isaiah 34:1-7ff; Ezekiel 25:12-14; Micah 2:12, 13; Habakkak 3:3-7)
- d. Jesus wins this victory alone. (Isaiah 63:1-6)
- e. Antichrist and the remainder of his armies flee from the Lord back north and establish a temporary headquarters south-east of Jerusalem to destroy the remaining Jews. (Daniel 11:45)

f. Jesus then continues north to deliver the believing remnant in Jerusalem and conclude the campaign by destroying the remainder of Antichrist's army. (Isaiah 63:1-6; Zech. 12:7-9; Rev. 19:13)

7. The Seventh Stage:

[The final battle]

- a. Jesus will continue to fight the remainder of the armies of Antichrist from Bozrah/Petra all the way north to the "valley of Jehoshaphat," also known as the "valley of decision." or the Kidron Valley east and south of Jerusalem. (Psalm 110:5-6; Joel 3:2-3, 12-16; Zech. 14:12-15)
- b. A remnant of Judah continues fighting in Jerusalem. (Isa. 59:20; Dan 7:21; Zech. 12:9-14; 14:12-15; Rom. 11:26, 27; 13:7)
- c. Antichrist will finally be killed by Jesus Christ. (Daniel 7:11; Habakkuk 3:12-15; 2Thess. 2:8; Rev. 19:17-21)
- d. The wrath of God will create, as it were, a wine press outside the city, "the great wine press of the wrath of God.". (Rev. 14:14, 16, 19-20)
- e. This wine press of God will create a river of blood "up to the horses' bridles, for a distance of 180 (or possibly 200) miles," the distance from Bozarah to Megiddo. (Rev. 14:20)
- f. The whole valley of the dead bodies and ashes shall be holy to the Lord. (Jer. 31:40)

8. The Eight Stage:

[The ascent to the Mount of Olives]

- a. Jesus Christ completes His victory over the forces of Antichrist in the Kidron Valley by means of a miraculous transformation of the land. (Zech. 14:2-4)
- b. This transformation will provide a new valley for the last remnant of believing Jews in Jerusalem to escape from the city as part of the final destruction of the armies of Antichrist. (Zech. 13:8, 9; 14:5-8)
- c. Jesus, along with **His angelic entourage** and the **resurrected church age** saints, is joined by **the 144,000 Jewish evangelists** from. (2 Thess. 1:7; Zech. 14:5; Jude 14; 1 Thess. 2:19; 3:13; Rev. 19:14; Rev. 7:2-8; 14:1-4)
- d. These events will be part of the seventh and final bowl judgment. (Rev. 16:17-21)
- c. Jesus Christ standing on the Mount of Olives includes a victory celebration. (Rev. 14:2-5; 15:1-5)
- F. When the tribulation ends, "the God of heaven will set up a kingdom which will never be destroyed…it will crush and put an end to all these kingdoms, but it will itself endure forever." (Daniel 2:44; 7:13, 14, 18, 22, 27; Rev. 20:6)